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waste residues, contaminated containment system components, contaminated subsoils, and structures and equipment contaminated with waste, and manage them as hazardous waste unless §261.3(d) of this chapter applies. The closure plan, closure activities, cost estimates for closure, and financial responsibility for magazines or units must meet all of the requirements specified in subparts G and H of this part, except that the owner or operator may defer closure of the unit as long as it remains in service as a munitions or explosives magazine or storage unit.

(b) If, after removing or decontaminating all residues and making all reasonable efforts to effect removal or decontamination of contaminated components, subsoils, structures, and equipment as required in paragraph (a) of this section, the owner or operator finds that not all contaminated subsoils can be practicably removed or decontaminated, he or she must close the facility and perform post-closure care in accordance with the closure and post-closure requirements that apply to landfills (§264.310).

APPENDIX I TO PART 264—RECORDKEEPING INSTRUCTIONS

The recordkeeping provisions of §264.73 specify that an owner or operator must keep a written operating record at his facility. This appendix provides additional instructions for keeping portions of the operating record. See §264.73(b) for additional record-keeping requirements.

The following information must be recorded, as it becomes available, and maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility in the following manner:

Records of each hazardous waste received, treated, stored, or disposed of at the facility which include the following:

(1) A description by its common name and the EPA Hazardous Waste Number(s) from part 261 of this chapter which apply to the waste. The waste description also must include the waste's physical form, i.e., liquid, sludge, solid, or contained gas. If the waste is not listed in part 261, subpart D, of this chapter, the description also must include the process that produced it (for example, solid filter cake from production of —, EPA Hazardous Waste Number W051).

Each hazardous waste listed in part 261, subpart D, of this chapter, and each hazardous waste characteristic defined in part 261, subpart C, of this chapter, has a four-

digit EPA Hazardous Waste Number assigned to it. This number must be used for record-keeping and reporting purposes. Where a hazardous waste contains more than one listed hazardous waste, or where more than one hazardous waste characteristic applies to the waste, the waste description must include all applicable EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers.

(2) The estimated or manifest-reported weight, or volume and density, where applicable, in one of the units of measure specified in Table 1:

TABLE 1

Unit of measure	Code 1
Gallons Gallons per Hour Gallons per Hour Gallons per Day Liters Liters per Hour Liters per Hour Liters per Hour Metric Tons per Hour Short Tons per Day Metric Tons per Day Metric Tons per Day Pounds per Hour Kilograms per Hour Cubic Yards Cubic Meters Acres Acres Acre-feet Hectares Hectare-meter	G E U L H V D W N S J R Y C B A Q F
Btu's per Hour Pounds	l P
Short tons Kilograms Tons	T K M
	I

¹Single digit symbols are used here for data processing purposes.

(3) The method(s) (by handling code(s) as specified in Table 2) and date(s) of treatment, storage, or disposal.

Table 2—Handling Codes for Treatment, Storage and Disposal Methods

Enter the handling code(s) listed below that most closely represents the technique(s) used at the facility to treat, store or dispose of each quantity of hazardous waste received.

1. Storage

S01 Container (barrel, drum, etc.)

302 Tank

S03 Waste Pile

S04 Surface Impoundment

S05 Drip Pad

606 Containment Building (Storage)

S99 Other Storage (specify)

2. Treatment

(a) Thermal Treatment—

T06 Liquid injection incinerator

T07 Rotary kiln incinerator
T08 Fluidized bed incinerator

Γ09 Multiple hearth incinerator

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T10 Infrared furnace incinerator Molten salt destructor T11 Pyrolysis T12 T13 Wet air oxidation Calcination T14T15 Microwave discharge T18 Other (specify) (b) Chemical Treatment-T19 Absorption mound T20Absorption field T21 Chemical fixation

T22 Chemical oxidation T23 Chemical precipitation T24 Chemical reduction T25Chlorination T26 Chlorinolysis T27Cvanide destruction T28 Degradation

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- T29 Detoxification T30 Ion exchange T31 Neutralization T32 Ozonation T33 Photolysis
- T34 Other (specify) (c) Physical Treatment-

(1) Separation of components:

- T35 Centrifugation T36Clarification T37Coagulation T38Decanting T39 Encapsulation T40 Filtration T41 Flocculation T42 Flotation T43 Foaming T44 Sedimentation T45 Thickening T46 Ultrafiltration
 - (2) Removal of Specific Components:
- T48 Absorption-molecular sieve
- Activated carbon T49

T47 Other (specify)

- T50 Blending T51 Catalysis
- T52Crystallization T53Dialysis
- T54Distillation T55Electrodialysis
- T56Electrolysis
- Evaporation
- High gradient magnetic separation
- Leaching
- Liquid ion exchange
- Liquid-liquid extraction
- Reverse osmosis
- T63Solvent recovery
- Stripping T65 Sand filter
- T66 Other (specify)
- (d) Biological Treatment
- Activated sludge T67
- T68 Aerobic lagoon
- T69 Aerobic tank

- T70 Anaerobic tank T71 Composting T72 Septic tank
- T73 Spray irrigation Thickening filter T74Trickling filter
- T76Waste stabilization pond
- T77 Other (specify) T78-T79 [Reserved]
- (e) Boilers and Industrial Furnaces
- T80 Boiler
- Cement Kiln T81 Lime Kiln T82 T83 Aggregate Kiln T84 Phosphate Kiln
- T85 Coke Oven Blast Furnace T86
- Smelting, Melting, or Refining Furnace T88 Titanium Dioxide Chloride Process Oxidation Reactor
- T89 Methane Reforming Furnace T90 Pulping Liquor Recovery Furnace T91 Combustion Device Used in the Recov-
- ery of Sulfur Values from Spent Sulfuric Acid
- T92 Halogen Acid Furnaces
 T93 Other Industrial Furnaces Listed in 40 CFR 260.10 (specify)
- (f) Other Treatment
- T94 Containment Building (Treatment)

3. Disposal

- D79 Underground Injection
- D80Landfill
- Land Treatment D81
- D82 Ocean Disposal
- D83 Surface Impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)
- D99 Other Disposal (specify)

4. Miscellaneous (Subpart X)

- X01 Open Burning/Open Detonation
- Mechanical Processing X02
- X03 Thermal Unit
- X04 Geologic Repository
- Other Subpart X (specify)
- [45 FR 33221, May 19, 1980, as amended at 59 FR 13891, Mar. 24, 1994; 71 FR 40274, July 14, 20061

APPENDIXES II-III TO PART 264 [Reserved]

APPENDIX IV TO PART 264—COCHRAN'S APPROXIMATION TO THE BEHRENS-FISHER STUDENTS' T-TEST

Using all the available background data (nb readings), calculate the background mean (X_b) and background variance (s_b2) . For the single monitoring well under investigation (n_m reading), calculate the monitoring mean (X_m) and monitoring variance (s_m2) .

For any set of data $(X_1,\ X_2,\ .\ .\ .,\ X_n)$ the mean is calculated by: