

## SUBCHAPTER 7. PERMITS FOR MINOR FACILITIES

### PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### 252:100-7-1.1. Definitions

The following words and terms when used in this Subchapter shall have the following meaning unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

**"Actual emissions"** means the total amount of any regulated air pollutants actually emitted from a given facility during a particular calendar year, determined using methods contained in OAC 252:100-5-2.1(d) twelve (12) consecutive months.

**"Best Available Control Technology"** or **"BACT"** means the best control technology that is currently available as determined by the Director on a case-by-case basis, taking into account energy, environmental, and economic impacts and other costs.

**"Commence"** means, as applied to the construction or modification of a minor facility to which neither a NSPS or NESHAP applies, that the owner or operator has begun the construction or installation of the emitting equipment on a pad or in the final location at the facility.

**"De minimis facility"** means a facility that meets the requirements contained in paragraphs (A) and (B) of this definition.

(A) All the air pollutant emitting activities at the facility are on the de minimis list contained in Appendix H or the facility meets all of the following de minimis criteria:

(i) The facility has actual emissions of 5 tpy or less of each regulated air pollutant, except that fraction of particulate matter that exhibits an aerodynamic particulate diameter of more than 10 micrometers ( $\mu\text{m}$ ).

(ii) The facility is not a "major source" as defined in OAC 252:100-8-2.

(iii) The facility is not a "major stationary source" as defined in OAC 252:100-8-31 for facilities in attainment areas.

(iv) The facility is not a "major stationary source" as defined in OAC 252:100-8-51 for facilities in nonattainment areas.

(v) The facility is not operated in conjunction with another facility or source that is subject to air quality permitting.

(vi) The facility has not opted to obtain or retain an Air Quality Division permit.

(B) The facility is not subject to the Federal NSPS (40 CFR Part 60) or the Federal NESHAP (40 CFR Parts 61 and 63).

**"Facility"** means all of the pollutant-emitting activities that meet all the following conditions:

(A) Are under common control.

(B) Are located on one or more contiguous or adjacent properties.

(C) Have the same two-digit primary SIC Code (as described in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987).

**"Hazardous Air Pollutant"** or **"HAP"** means any hazardous air pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Federal Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 7412, and subject to NESHAP.

**"Minor facility"** means a facility which is not a Part 70 source.

**"National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants"** or **"NESHAP"** means those standards as published by the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) pursuant to Section 112 of the Federal Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 7412.

**"New portable source"** means a portable source that has never operated within the State of Oklahoma. This includes sources that are initially constructed and existing facilities that are relocating into Oklahoma from another state.

**"New Source Performance Standards"** or **"NSPS"** means those standards found in 40 CFR Part 60.

**"Permit exempt facility"** means a facility that:

(A) has actual emissions in every calendar year that are 40 tpy or less of each regulated air pollutant;

(B) is not a de minimis facility as defined in OAC 252:100-7-1.1;

(C) is not a "major source" as defined in OAC 252:100-8-2 for Part 70 sources;

(D) is not a "major stationary source" as defined in OAC 252:100-8-31 for PSD facilities in attainment areas;

(E) is not a "major stationary source" as defined in OAC 252:100-8-51 for facilities in nonattainment areas;

(F) is not operated in conjunction with another facility or source that is subject to air quality permitting;

(G) is not subject to an emission standard, equipment standard, or work practice standard in the Federal NSPS (40 CFR Part 60) or the Federal NESHAP (40 CFR Parts 61 and 63); and

(H) is not subject to the requirements of OAC 252:100-39-47.

**"Portable source"** means a source with design and intended use to allow disassembly or relocation.

**"Relocate"** means to move a source from one geographical location to another. The term does not include minimal moves within the facility boundaries.

~~**"Regulated air pollutant"** means:~~

~~(A) Any Volatile Organic Compound (VOC), as that term is defined in OAC 252:100 1 3, 252:100 37 2, or 252:100 39 2.~~

~~(B) Any pollutant regulated under section 111 or 112 (except 112(r)) of the Federal Clean Air Act.~~

~~(C) Any pollutant for which a national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated under the Federal Clean Air Act.~~

~~(D) Any Toxic Air Contaminant as defined and regulated under OAC 252:100 41 2.~~

~~(E) Any other substance for which an air emission limitation or equipment standard is set by permit or rule.~~

**"Regulated air pollutant"** means any substance or group of substances listed in Appendix P of this Chapter, or any substance regulated as an air pollutant under any federal regulation for which the Department has been given delegation by EPA, or any other substance for which an air emission limitation or equipment standard is set by an enforceable permit.