

DRAFT

**AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
OKLAHOMA POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM**

PERMIT NUMBER: OK0034517 ID NUMBER: S21410

PART I

In compliance with the Oklahoma Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Act (OPDES Act), Title 27A O.S. § 2-6-201 *et seq.* as amended, and the rules of the State of Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) adopted thereunder {See OAC 252:606}; the Federal Clean Water Act, Public Law 95-217 (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*), Section 402; and NPDES Regulations (40 CFR Parts 122, 124, and 403),

Ochelata Utility Authority
P.O. Box 268
Ochelata, OK 74051

is hereby authorized to discharge treated wastewater from a facility located at approximately

NW ¼, NE ¼, NE ¼, Section 36,
Township 25 North, Range 12 East, I.M.,
Washington County, Oklahoma

to receiving waters: East Keeler Creek, tributary to Keeler Creek at the point located at approximately

Latitude: 36° 36' 56.267" N [GPS: NAD 1983 CONUS]
Longitude: 95° 58' 07.730" W [GPS: NAD 1983 CONUS]

Water Body I.D. No. 121400010322_00

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts I, II, III, and IV hereof.

This permit replaces and supersedes the previous permit issued on September 30, 2008.

The issuance date of this permit is Month Date Year.

This permit shall become effective Month Date Year.

This permit and authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight Month Date Year.

For the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality:

Micheal Jordan, P.E., Manager
Municipal Discharge and Stormwater Permit Section
Water Quality Division

Shellie Chard-McClary, Director
Water Quality Division

A. Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements (Outfall 001)

Beginning the effective date of the permit through the expiration date of the permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge treated wastewater in accordance with the following limitations:

Effluent Characteristic		Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements	
		Mass Loading (lb/day)	Concentrations (mg/l unless otherwise specified)			Frequency	Sample Type
			Monthly Avg.	Monthly Avg.	Weekly Avg.		
Flow (mgd) [50050]		---	Report	---	Report	Daily	Instantaneous
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand-5 Day (CBOD ₅) [80082]	Apr – Oct	5.0	10	15	---	1/month	Grab
Biochemical Oxygen Demand -5 Day (BOD ₅) [00310]	Nov – Mar	12.5	25	37.5	---	1/month	Grab
Total Suspended Solids [00530]	Apr – Oct	7.5	15	22.5	---	1/month	Grab
	Nov – Mar	45.0	90	135	---		
Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) [00610]	Apr – May	4.0	8	12	---	1/month	Grab
	Jun – Oct	1.0	2	3	---		
Dissolved Oxygen [00300]	Jun – Oct	---	3 (minimum)			Daily	Grab
	Nov – Mar	---	6 (minimum)				
<i>E. coli</i> ^a [51040]	May – Sept	---	126 ^b	--	406	2/week	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) ^c [50060]		---	Instantaneous Maximum: No Measurable ^d			Daily	Grab
pH (standard unit) [00400]		---	6.5 – 9.0			Daily	Grab

^a *E. coli* shall be reported in CFU/100 ml.

^b Monthly data for *E. coli* is reported as geometric mean of all samples in that month.

^c If no chlorine is used for an entire reporting period, the permittee shall report a value of “zero” for the daily maximum and enter “No chlorine used this reporting period” in the comments section on the DMR for that reporting period in lieu of the indicated testing. For any week in which chlorine is used, the indicated testing shall be done until the chlorine is no longer in use and at least one subsequent test verifies that the effluent meets the total residual chlorine limit.

^d No measurable is defined as less than 0.1 mg/l.

Sampling Point

Samples taken for compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the end-of-pipe discharge to the receiving stream.

Year-round Requirements

- There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.
- There shall be no discharge of a visible sheen of oil or globules of oil or grease on or in the water. Oil and grease shall not be present in quantities that adhere to stream banks and coat bottoms of water courses or which cause deleterious effects to the biota.
- All monitoring and reporting requirements shall also be in compliance with Part III of this permit.

B. Sanitary Sewer Overflows

Any bypass in the collection system [sanitary sewer overflow (SSO)] shall be reported in accordance with Part III.B.6 of this permit.

PART II. OTHER PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

A. CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES AND PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

1. The following pollutants shall not be introduced into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) facility, defined in 40 CFR 403.3(o) “as any devices and systems used in storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal sewage and industrial wastes of a liquid nature. It also includes sewers, pipes, and other conveyances only if they convey wastewater to a POTW Treatment Plant. The term also means the municipality as defined in Section 502(4) of the Act, which has jurisdiction over the Indirect Discharges to and from such treatment works.”
 - a. Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the POTW facility, including, but not limited to, wastestreams with a closed cup flashpoint of less than 60°C (140°F) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR 261.21;
 - b. Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case discharges with pH lower than 5.0, unless the works are specifically designed to accommodate such discharges;
 - c. Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW, resulting in interference;
 - d. Any pollutant, including oxygen demanding pollutants (e.g., BOD), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause interference with the POTW;
 - e. Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW resulting in interference but in no case heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW treatment plant exceeds 40°C (104°F) unless the Approval Authority, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits;
 - f. Petroleum oil, non-biodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause interference or pass through;
 - g. Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems; and
 - h. Any trucked or hauled pollutants, except at discharge points designated by the POTW.
2. The permittee shall require any indirect discharger to the treatment works to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Act, including any requirements established under 40 CFR Part 403.
3. The permittee shall provide adequate notice of the following:
 - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the treatment works from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Act and/or Sections 40 CFR 405-499 if it were directly discharging those pollutants;

- b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment works by a source introducing pollutants into the treatment works at the time of issuance of the permit; and
- c. Any notice shall include information on (i) the quality and quantity of effluent to be introduced into the treatment works and (ii) any anticipated impact of the change on the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

B. RE-OPENER CLAUSE

This permit may be re-opened for modification or revocation and reissuance to require additional monitoring and/or effluent limitations where actual or potential exceedances of State water quality criteria are determined to be the result of the permittee's discharge to the receiving waters, or a revised Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) is established for the receiving waters, or when required as technology. Modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit shall follow regulations listed at 40 CFR 124.5.

C. BIOSOLIDS/SEWAGE SLUDGE REQUIREMENTS

1. The permittee will be required to prepare and obtain approval of a biosolids/sewage sludge management plan prior to removing biosolids/sewage sludge from the facility. Biosolids/sewage sludge disposal practices shall comply with the Federal regulations for landfills, biosolids/sewage sludge, and solid waste disposal established at 40 CFR Part 257, 503, and the DEQ rules governing Sludge Management (OAC 252:515 and OAC 252:606) as applicable.
2. The biosolids/sewage sludge from this facility is self-contained within the lagoon treatment system.
3. The permittee is required to maintain all records relevant to biosolids/sewage sludge disposal for the life of the permit. These records shall be made available to the ODEQ upon request.
4. The permittee shall give 120 days prior notice to DEQ of any change planned in the biosolids/sewage sludge disposal practice.
5. The permittee shall also comply with all applicable biosolids/sewage sludge requirements in Part IV of this permit.

D. POLLUTION PREVENTION REQUIREMENTS

1. The permittee shall institute a program within 12 months of the effective date of the permit (or continue an existing program) directed towards optimizing the efficiency and extending the useful life of the facility. The permittee shall consider the following items in the program:
 - a. The influent loadings, flow and design capacity;
 - b. The effluent quality and plant performance;
 - c. The age and expected life of the wastewater treatment facility's equipment;
 - d. Bypasses and overflows of the tributary sewerage system and treatment works;
 - e. New developments at the facility;
 - f. Operator certification and training plans and status;
 - g. The financial status of the facility;
 - h. Preventative maintenance programs and equipment conditions; and

- i. An overall evaluation of conditions at the facility.
2. The permittee shall prepare the following information on the biosolids/sewage sludge generated by the facility:
 - a. An annual quantitative tabulation of the ultimate disposition of all biosolids/sewage sludge (including, but not limited to, the amount beneficially reused, landfilled, and incinerated).
 - b. An assessment of technological processes and an economic analysis evaluating the potential for beneficial reuse of all biosolids/sewage sludge not currently beneficially reused including a listing of any steps which would be required to achieve the biosolids/sewage sludge quality necessary to beneficially reuse the biosolids/sewage sludge.
 - c. A description of, including the expected results and the anticipated timing for, all projects in process, in planning and/or being considered which are directed towards additional beneficial reuse of biosolids/sewage sludge.
 - d. An analysis of one composite sample of the biosolids/sewage sludge collected prior to ultimate re-use or disposal shall be performed for the pollutants listed in Part IV, Element 1, Section III, Table 3 of the permit.
 - e. A listing of the specific steps (controls/changes) which would be necessary to achieve and sustain the quality of the biosolids/sewage sludge so that the pollutant concentrations in the biosolids/sewage sludge fall below the pollutant concentration criteria listed in Part IV, Element 1, Section III, Table 3 of the permit.
 - f. A listing of, and the anticipated timing for, all projects in process, in planning, and/or being considered which are directed towards meeting the biosolids/sewage sludge quality referenced in (e) above.

The permittee shall certify in writing, within three years of the effective date of the permit, that all pertinent information is available. This certification shall be submitted to:

Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality
Water Quality Division
Municipal Permits Section
P. O. Box 1677
707 North Robinson Street
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73101-1677

